

Session Agenda

- Quick overview of *Agile*
- The Shipley framework
- Key decision gates
- Key team reviews
- Lessons learned
- Summary

*"If you can't measure it,
you can't manage it."*

- Peter Drucker



WHAT IS AGILE?

*"Ultimately, **Agile is a mindset** informed by the Agile Manifesto's values and principles. Those values and principles provide guidance on how to create and respond to change and how to deal with uncertainty."*

"Agile is the ability to create and respond to change. It is a way of dealing with, and ultimately succeeding in, an uncertain and turbulent environment."

www.agilealliance.org

Agile Methodologies



What are Agile Methodologies?

If Agile is a mindset, then what does that say about the idea of Agile methodologies?

Alistair Cockburn suggested that *a methodology is the set of conventions that a team agrees to follow*.

So *Agile* methodologies are the conventions that a team chooses to follow in a way that follows *Agile* values and principles.”

Source: The Agile Alliance



Agile's 12 Principles Apply to Business Development (BD)

We must stay customer-centric in all business winning activities



1. Place the **customer at the center of all business development (BD) activities** and consider high levels of customer satisfaction to be an ongoing strategic objective of the organization.

2. Be **proactive** in identifying and embracing changing customer requirements and perspectives throughout the BD lifecycle.

3. Deliver proposal content incrementally in **shorter bursts** rather than in a single larger (higher-risk) delivery.

4. Maintain close contact with internal and external stakeholders throughout the BD lifecycle.

5. Ensure BD teams have the working environment and support they need to achieve results.

6. Prioritize regular face to face or virtual BD discussions over other forms of communication in order to ensure common understanding.

7. Winning profitable and deliverable work is the primary measure of BD success.

8. Apply shorter burst "sprints" with fixed milestones to support pace and productivity. Review content in parallel.

9. Keep solution and proposal design as modular as possible to support re-use and rapid re-configuration.

10. Remove BD activities that do not either:

- Increase probability of win (Pwin);
- Reduce organizational risk or costs; or
- Support sustainability.

11. Encourage high-performing teams to **self-organize** for maximum effectiveness.

12. Hold **Lessons Learned Reviews** at the end of each major Business Development phase, to include a consideration of team behaviors and dynamics.



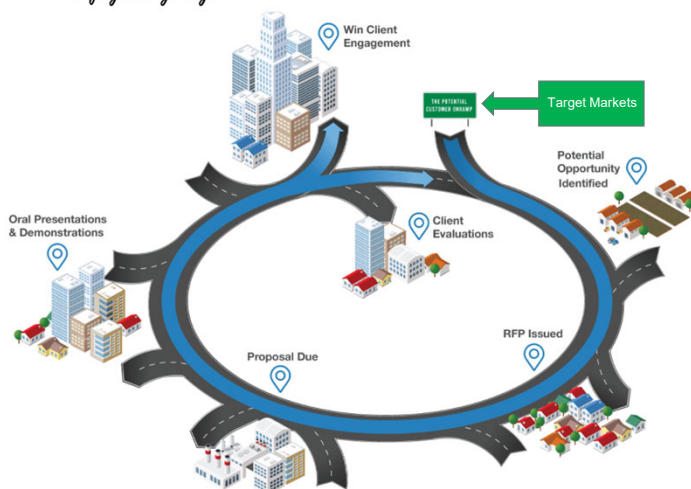
The Shipley Framework

A phased, iterative approach to winning



APMP's Winning Business Lifecycle Highway

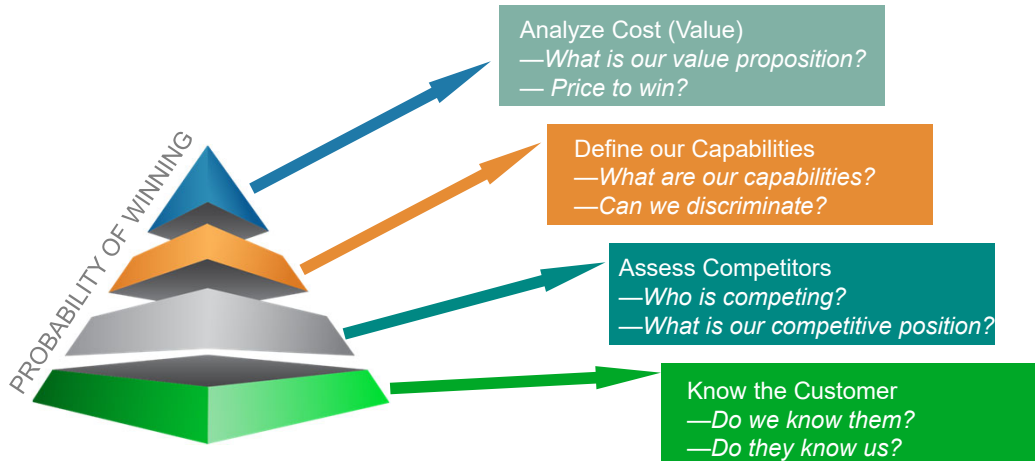
WINNING BUSINESS *Lifecycle Highway*



Source: APMP Winning the Business

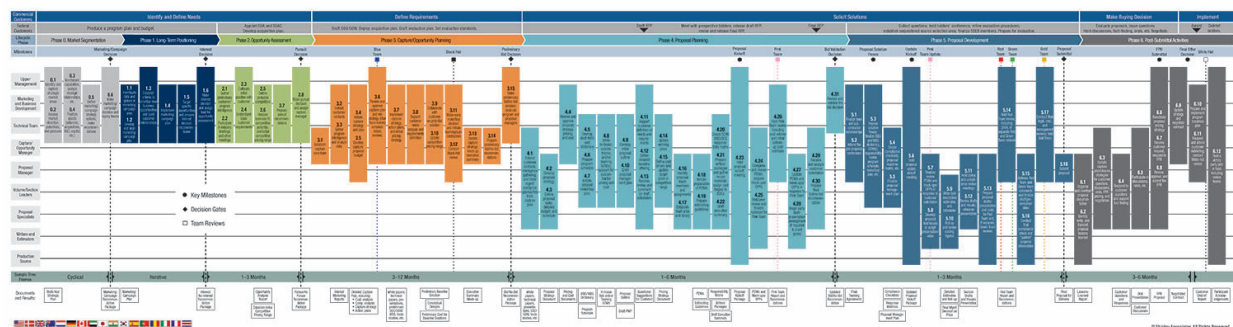
Any Framework Must Focus on P^{win}

Probability of winning needs to be the centerpiece of any pursuit



Shipley Business Development Lifecycle™

Global Headquarters: 532 North 900 West, Kayville, Utah 84037 USA 888-772-WINS (9467)



- A baseline framework ("convention") based on industry best practice
- Designed to be cyclical, tailorable, scalable, and flexible
- Assumes key business phases, parallel tasks, and critical decision-making milestones
- Encourages daily engagement with key stakeholders and contributors

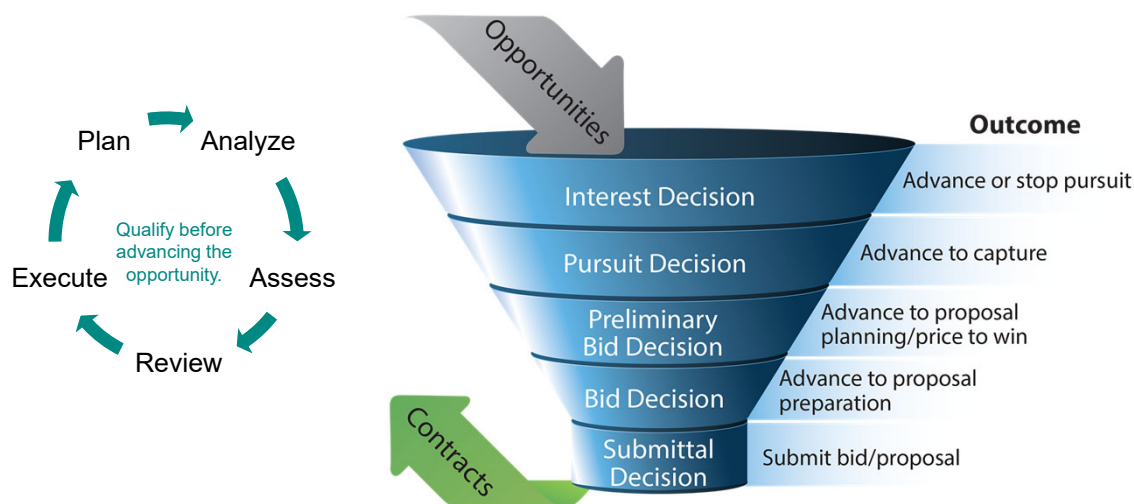
"The Shipley lifecycle is much more than a proposal approach. I've built my successful business on these phases, decision gates, milestone activities, and deliverables."

- Mid-size business owner

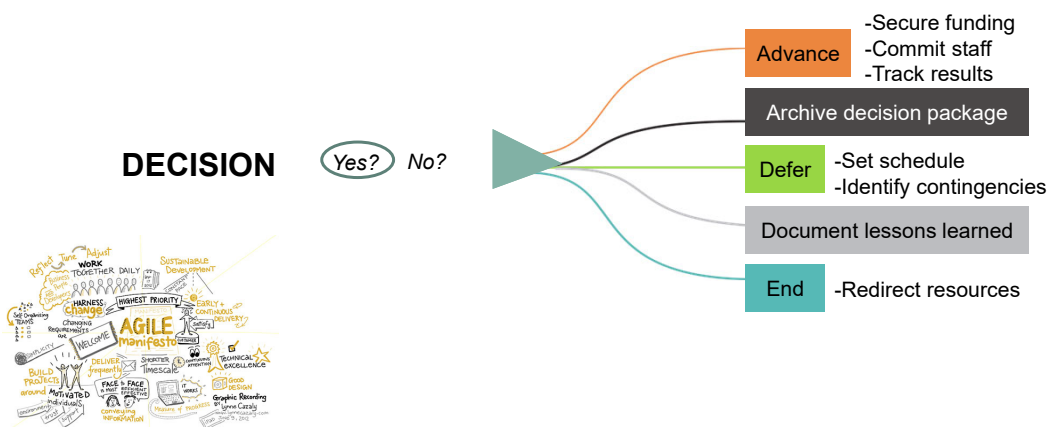


Key Decisions/Outcomes throughout the Lifecycle

Can we compete? Should we compete? Can we win?



Qualification and Strategy Reviews are Ongoing





Each Phase includes Tasks, a Decision Gate, Deliverables, & Reviews

These milestones must be flexible and scalable in an Agile environment

Decision Gates

Purpose: To make decisions regarding allocation of company resources and pursuit readiness

- ✓ Led by leadership stakeholders
- ✓ Address business and strategic issues
- ✓ Limited outcomes (advance, end, or defer)
- ✓ Team executes the decision outcomes

Team Reviews

Purpose: To improve quality of the bid or proposal (message and strategy)

- ✓ Careful selection of review team; parallel, frequent reviews encouraged
- ✓ Address tactical and execution issues
- ✓ Variety of outcomes (qualitative and quantitative)
- ✓ Staff and peers execute outcomes

Sample Pursuit Decision Checklist



- Do we have adequate resources to aggressively develop the opportunity?
- Might the opportunity require teaming?
- Are there acceptable profit margins or other strategic reasons for wanting to win?
- Do we know the **key decision makers** and their issues **and hot buttons**?
- Do the key customer stakeholders know us?
- Do we have a clear understanding of our anticipated role?
- Are there any potential conflicts of interest for us?
- Have we identified probable competitors?
- Have we gathered evidence and impact of the need or problem?
- Will customer's likely requirements match our competencies?
- Do we have a baseline solution aligned to the price to compete?





Two Types of Reviews

Daily reviews occur between key milestone reviews

Daily Reviews (Scrum)



Key Milestone Reviews (color team)



Daily Stand-Up Meetings/Reviews

Daily/regular stand-ups occur between key milestone reviews

- Keep short but be thorough
- Review assigned tasks, commitments, and status
- Identify any issues or “blockers”
- Determine path forward and schedule
 - Need for SME support
 - Reuse material
- Establish commitments and deadlines
- Collaborate, as needed
- Prepare for milestone review





— Proposal Milestone Team Reviews

Adapt and flex your approach

PREPARE

- ✓ Adapt to environment
- ✓ Plan and schedule tasks
- ✓ Deploy technology
- ✓ Train contributors
- ✓ Provide clear guidance

CONDUCT

- ✓ Virtual, in-person, blended
- ✓ Regular, daily
- ✓ Review individually and with team
- ✓ Discuss
- ✓ Report

RESPOND

- ✓ Debrief team
- ✓ Support team
- ✓ Distribute or post updates and recommendations
- ✓ Archive materials
- ✓ Execute, verify, learn (retrospective)

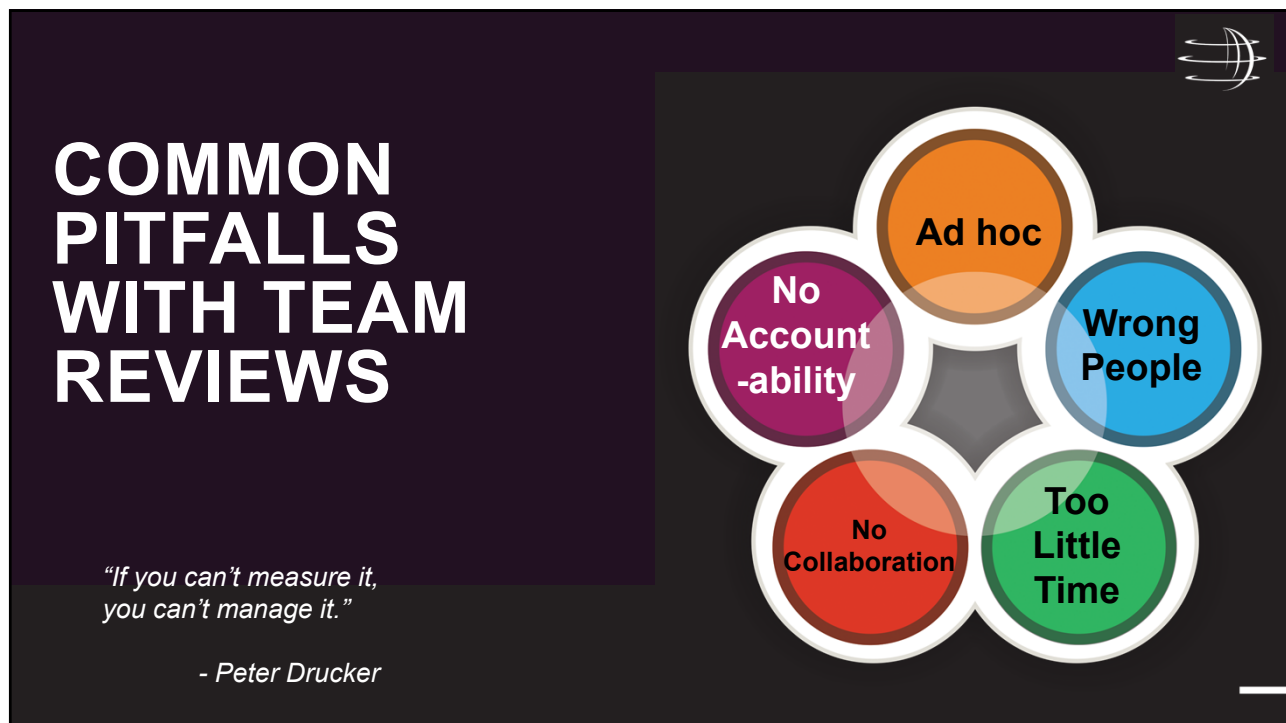
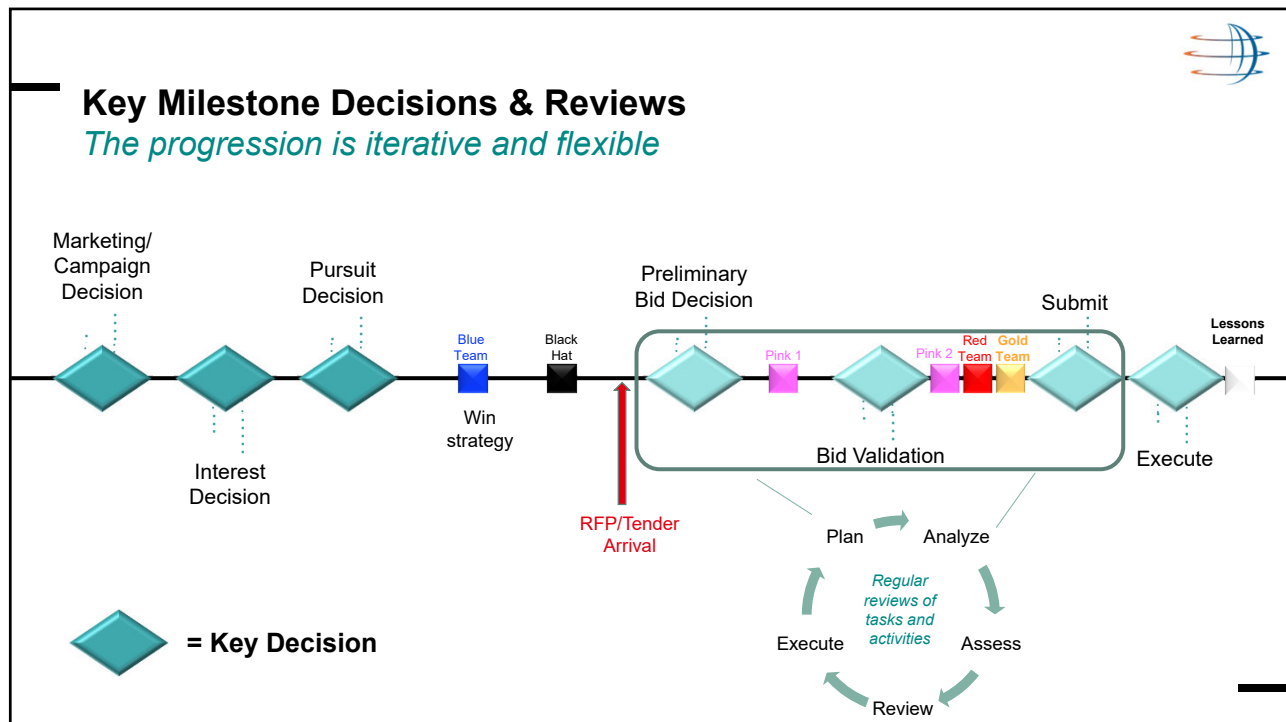
Make reviews regular, positive, and constructive.



— Aligning Agile Stages with Color Team Reviews

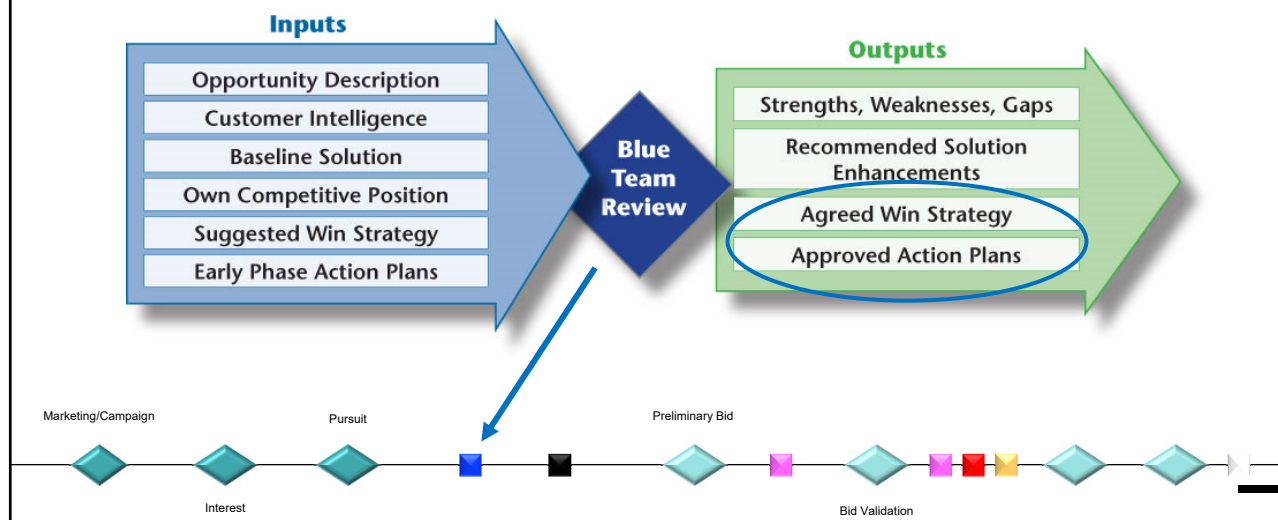
Retrospective reviews at each stage

Agile Project Stages	Proposal Milestones
In Stage 1, the product owner identifies the product vision.	Blue Team – Capture Manager (Opportunity owner) shares win strategy
In Stage 2, the product owner creates a product roadmap .	Proposal “owner” establishes core team and milestones – Kickoff
In Stage 3, the product owner creates a release plan.	Proposal “owner” publishes schedule and assignments – Kickoff
In Stage 4, the product owner, the master, and the development team plan sprints, also called iterations , and start creating the product within those sprints.	Pink Team Milestone – First iteration of draft sections, themes, win strategies , and messaging
In Stage 5, during each sprint, the development team has daily meetings .	Daily/regular status or stand-up meetings
In Stage 6, the team holds a sprint review . In the sprint review, at the end of every sprint, you demonstrate the working product created during the sprint to the product stakeholders.	Red Team Milestone Review – Final draft review for consistency, compliance, competitive focus – proposal quality
In Stage 7, the team holds a sprint retrospective . The sprint retrospective is a meeting where the team discusses how the sprint went and plans for improvements in the next sprint.	White Hat / Lessons Learned review. Document successes and areas for improvement

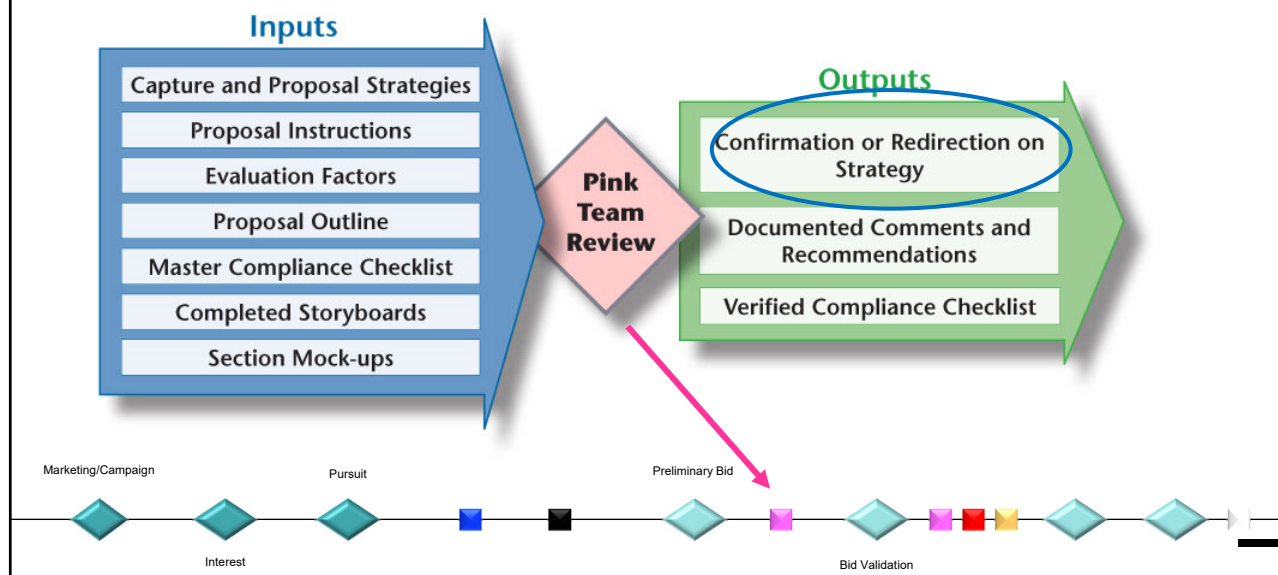




Blue Team (Win Strategy) Review

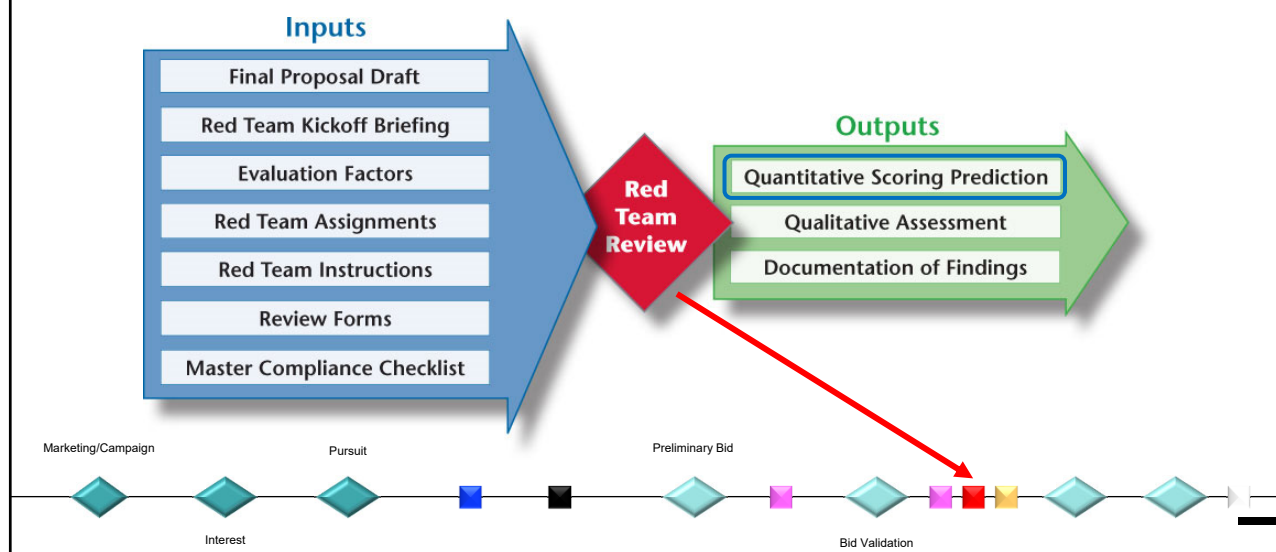


Pink Team Milestone Review

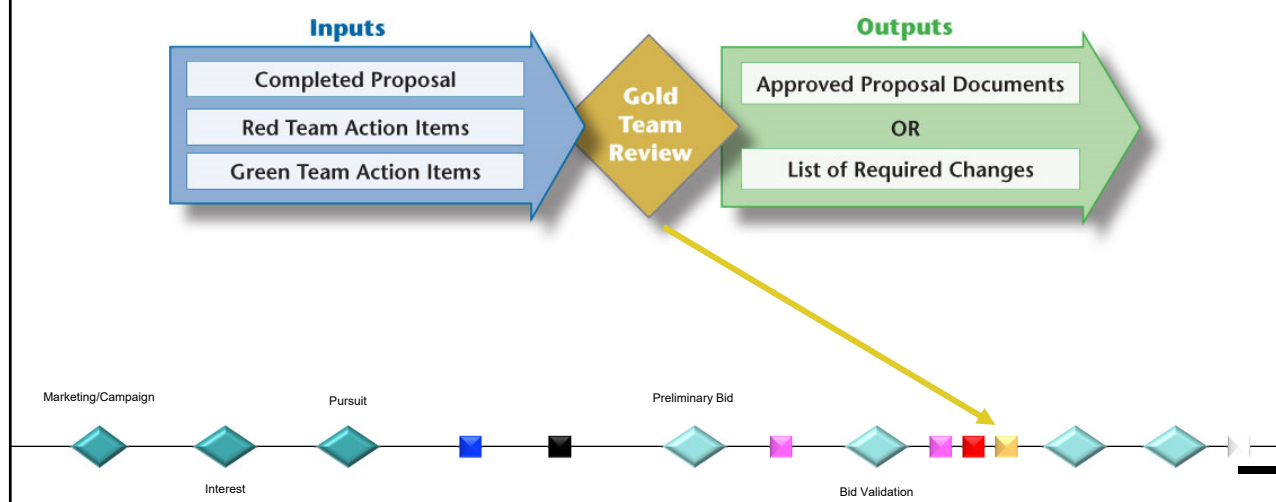




Red Team Milestone Review

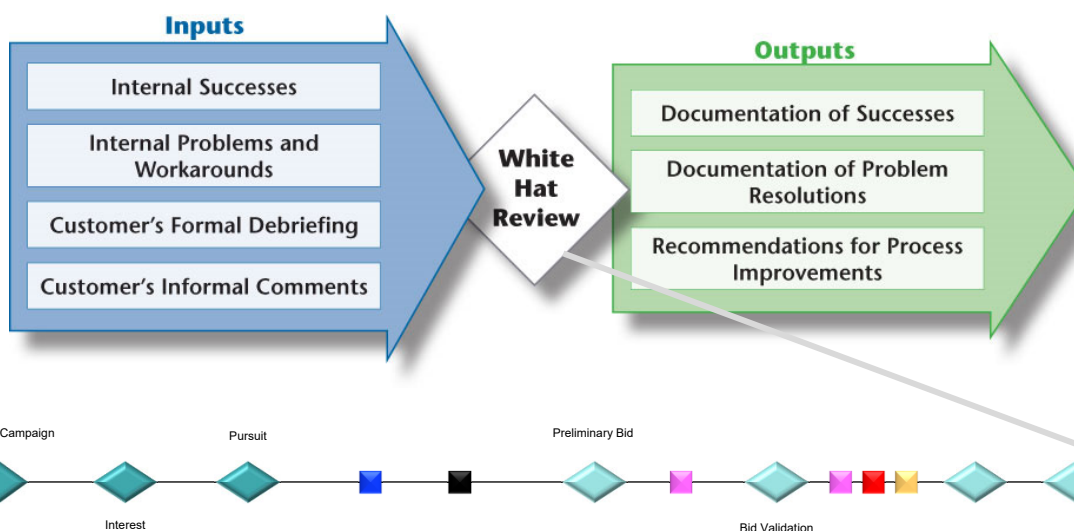


Gold Team Milestone Review

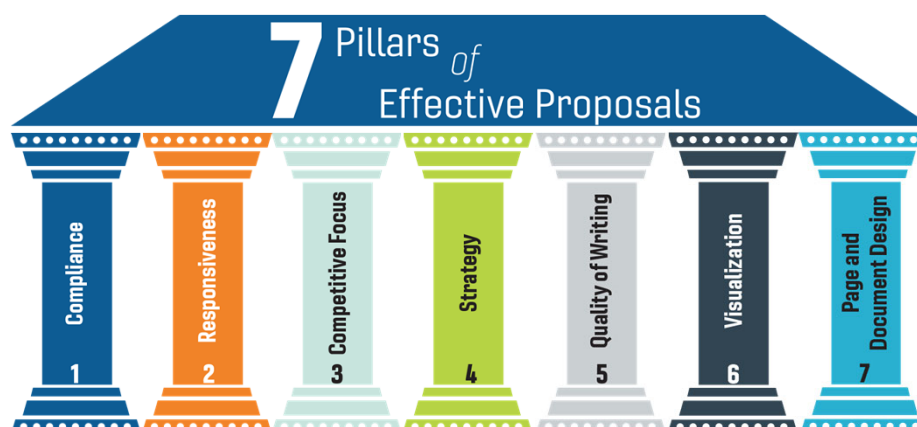




Lessons Learned / White Hat Review

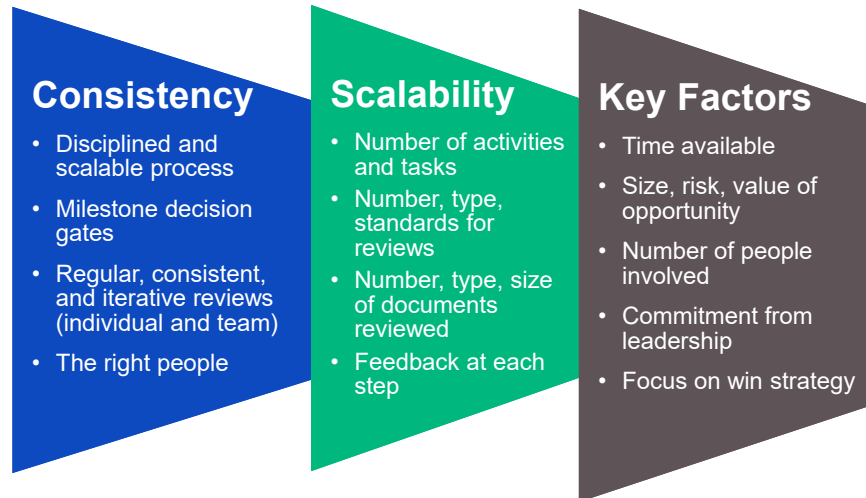


All Reviews Focus on the 7 Pillars of a Quality Proposal





Applying an *Agile* Mindset to the Shipley Framework



Making Team Reviews Work in an *Agile* Environment

Agile is a mindset:

- Agree on an approach
 - Daily, routine reviews
 - Key milestone reviews
 - Retrospective reviews
- Tailor and scale the approach based on the pursuit
 - Be flexible and nimble – manage parallel tasks
- Identify key personnel and outcomes from each review
- Leverage technology and collaboration tools
- Iterate and learn from each review





Session Take-Aways



- Establish a framework that works for you
- *Agile* methods and principles are being applied within the basic Shipley framework
- Milestone decision gates and regular reviews are essential to winning
- The purpose (outcome) of various reviews must be defined
- Be flexible in the approach and timing of reviews
- Be consistent – you can measure what you manage
- Win strategy and Pwin should drive activity

Applying Agile in a common framework increases efficiency and productivity.



Questions and Discussion





Applying *Agile* to the Shipley Framework



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Thank you!

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